

Population estimates and Census counts

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NY SDC MEETING 2021

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Cornell University



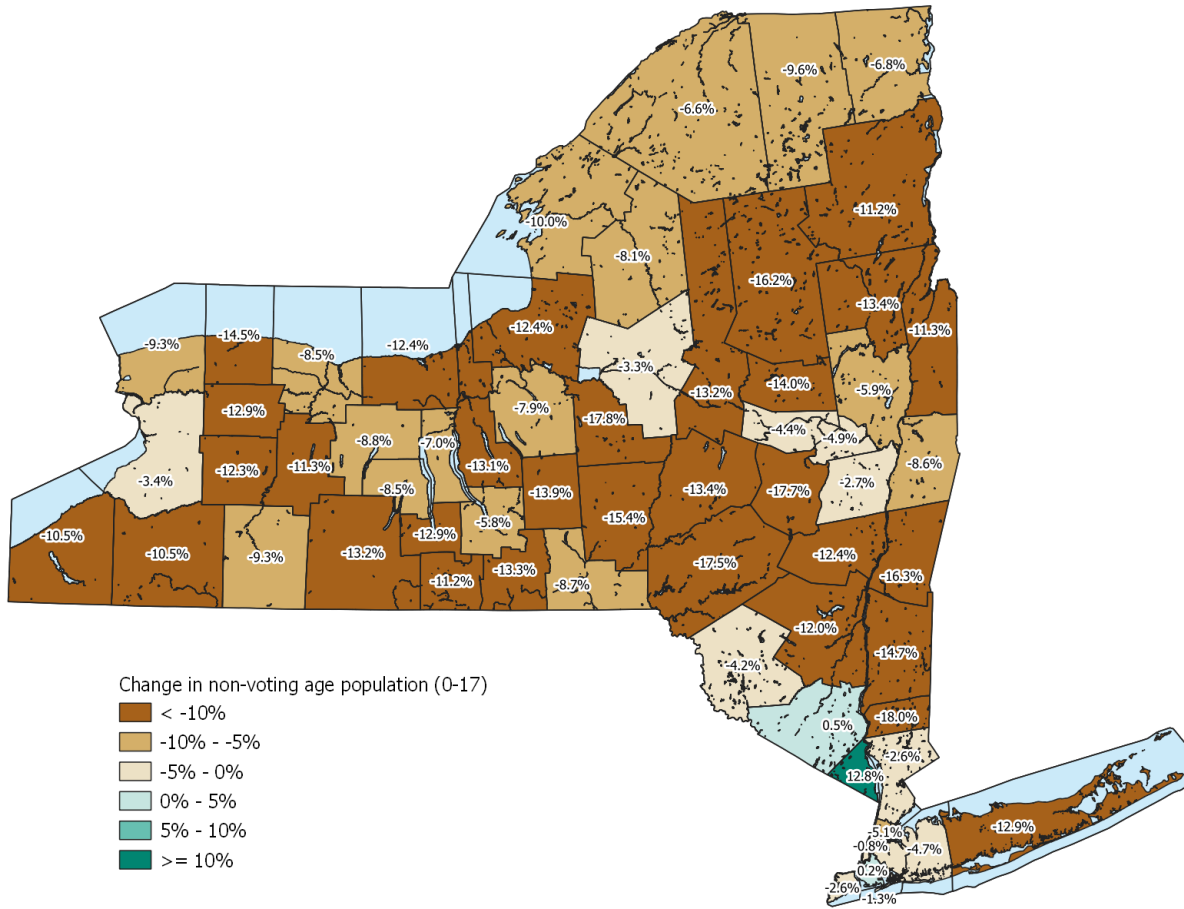
Program
on Applied
Demographics

CORNELL POPULATION CENTER

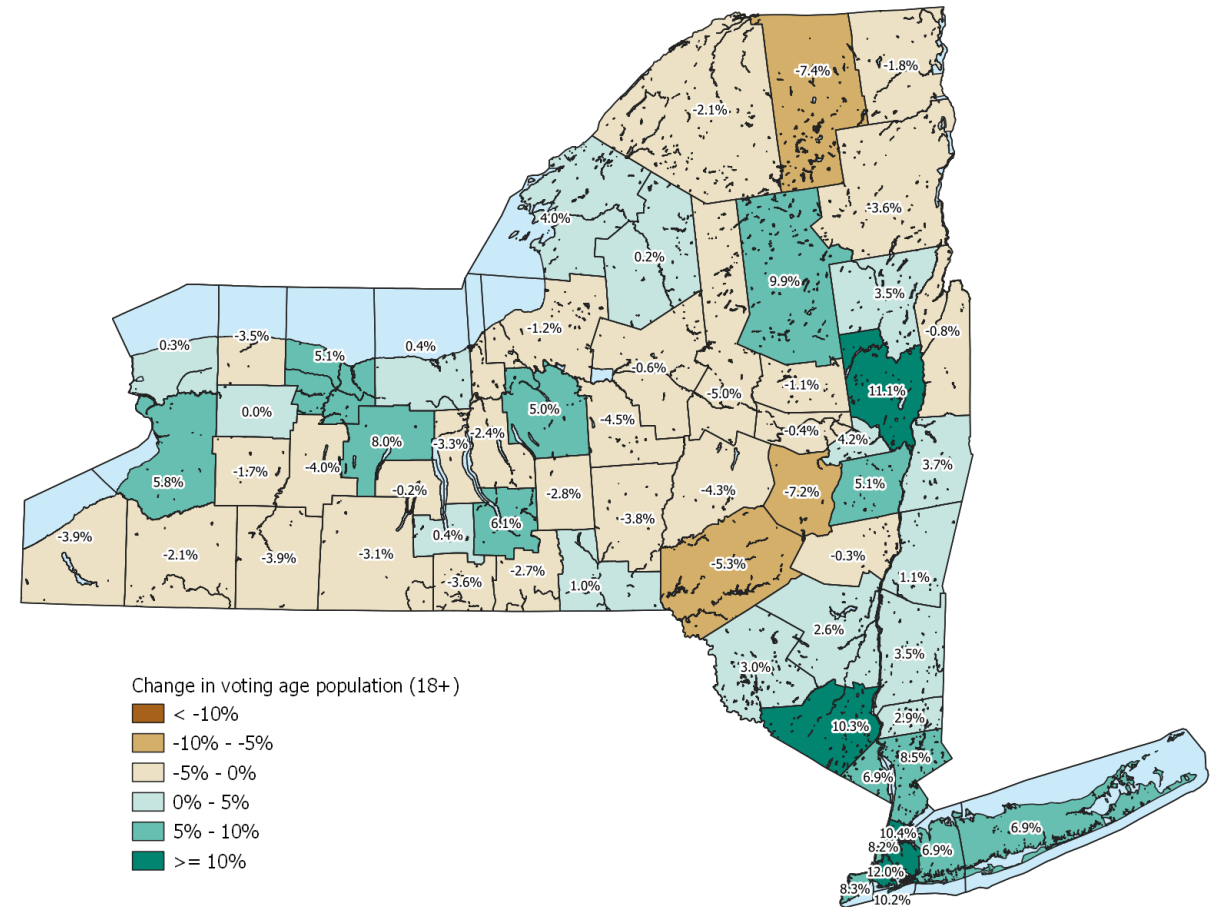
Highlights from redistricting data

Population change by voting age

Non voting age (0-17)

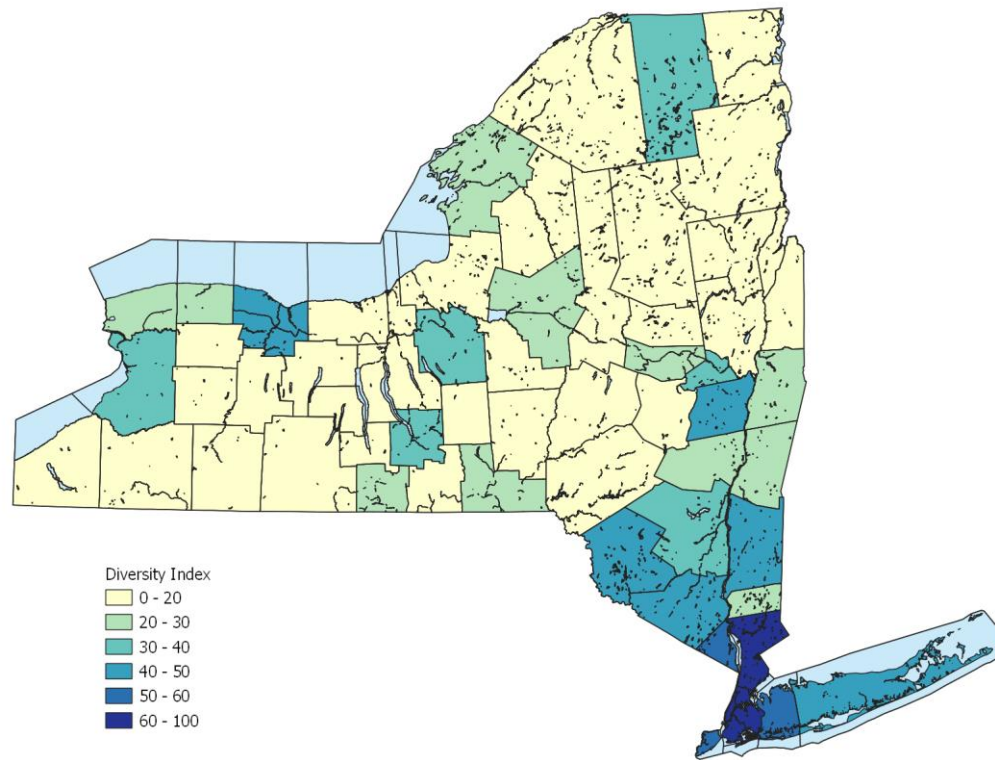


Voting age (18+)

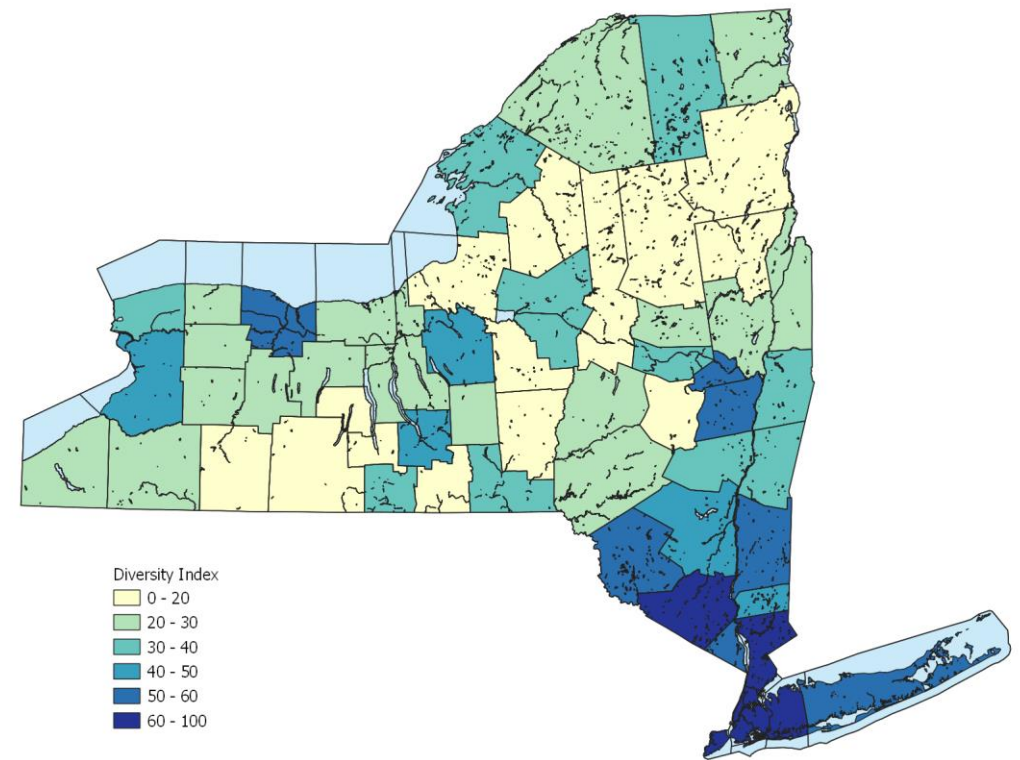


Changing diversity

2010



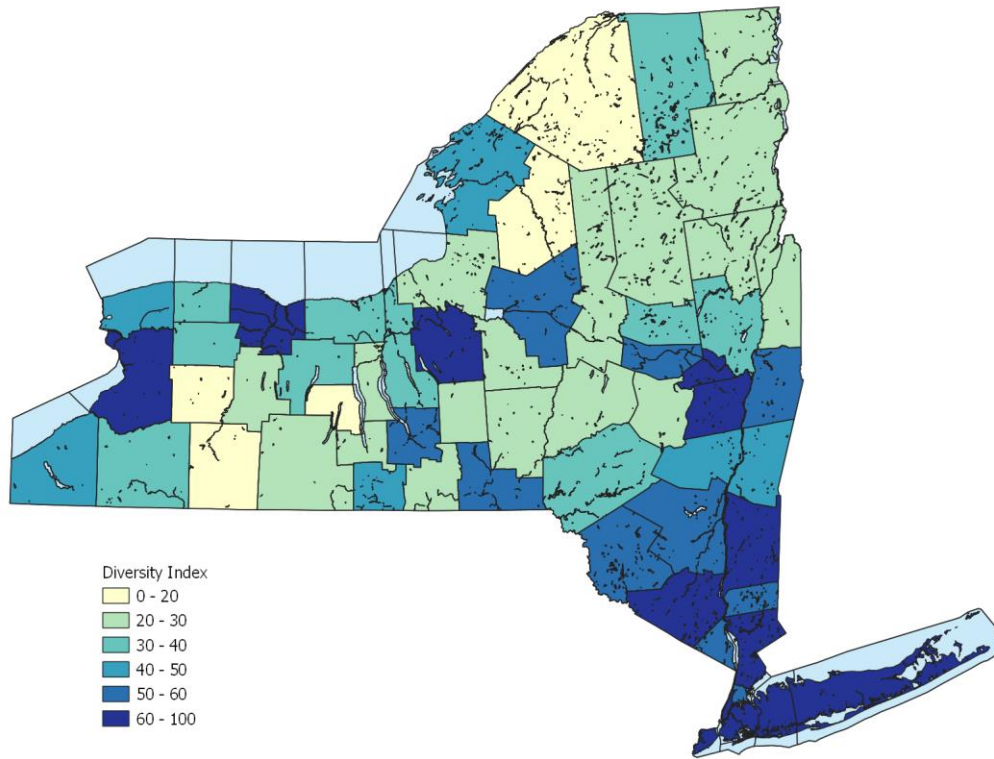
2020



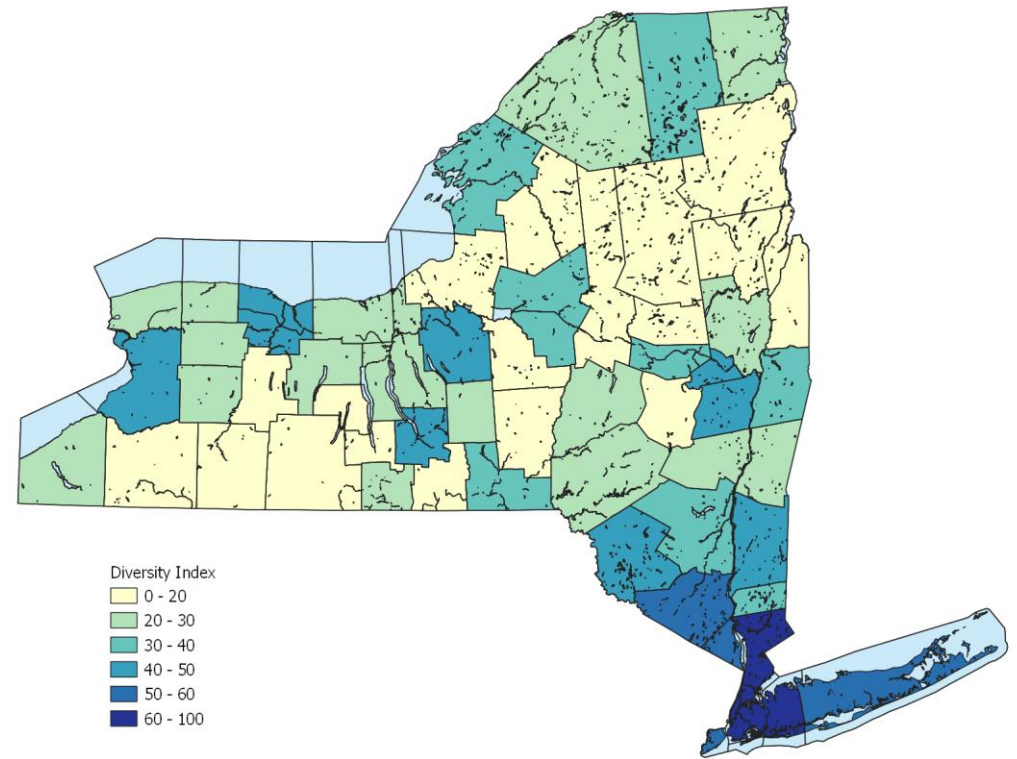
Diversity index is probability that two random residents are of different race/ethnicity

Changing diversity

Non voting age (0-17)



Voting age (18+)



Changing diversity

Comparison over time complicated because:

- ▶ Coverage differences
- ▶ Format of the question changed
- ▶ Processing of the open-ended answers changed
- ▶ Personal attitudes and race identity changed

Sub county change - population

Counties

Sub county percent population change [1014]

No data [5]

< -18 [14]

-18 - -14 [29]

-14 - -10 [69]

-10 - -6 [193]

-6 - -2 [271]

-2 - 2 [217]

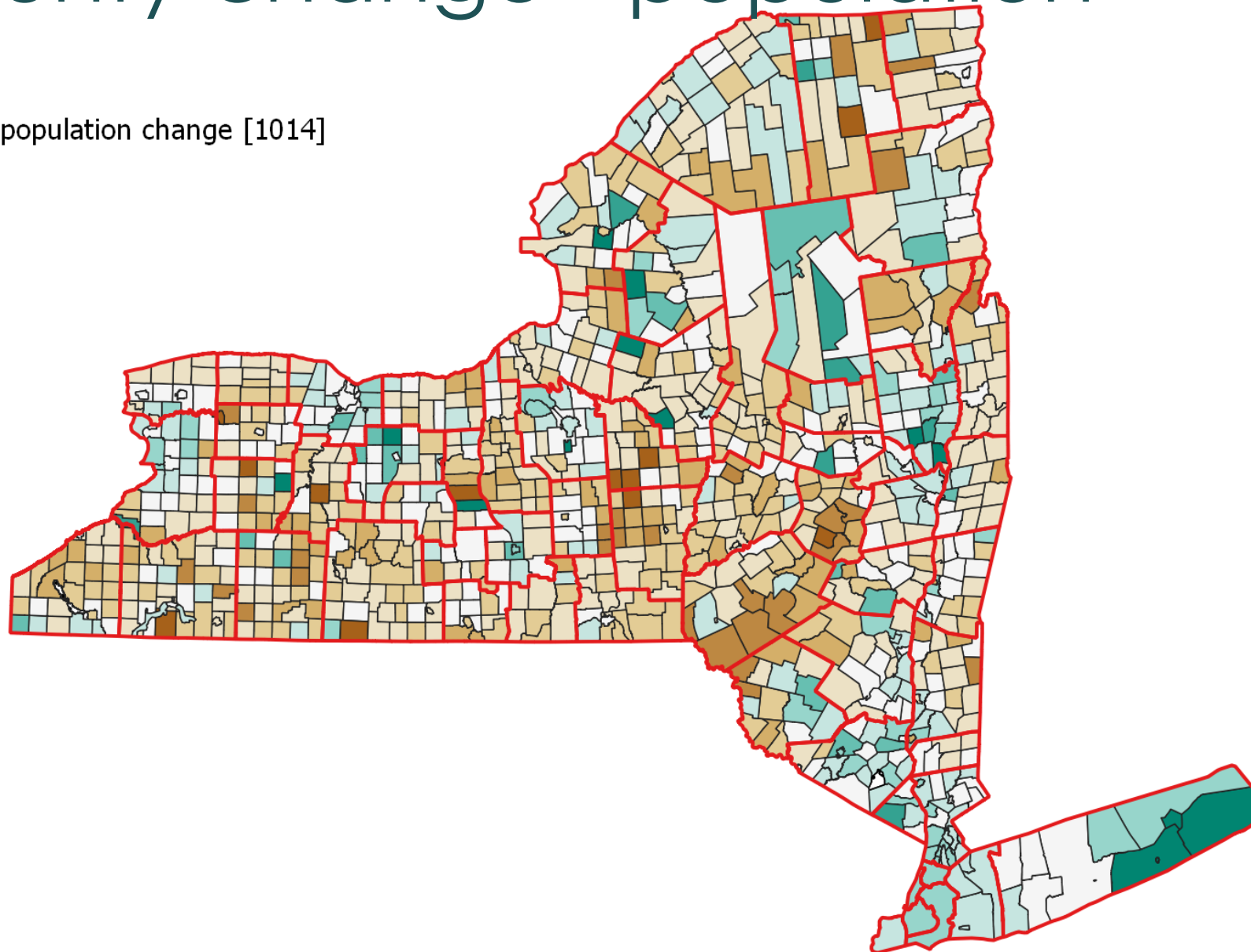
2 - 6 [123]

6 - 10 [46]

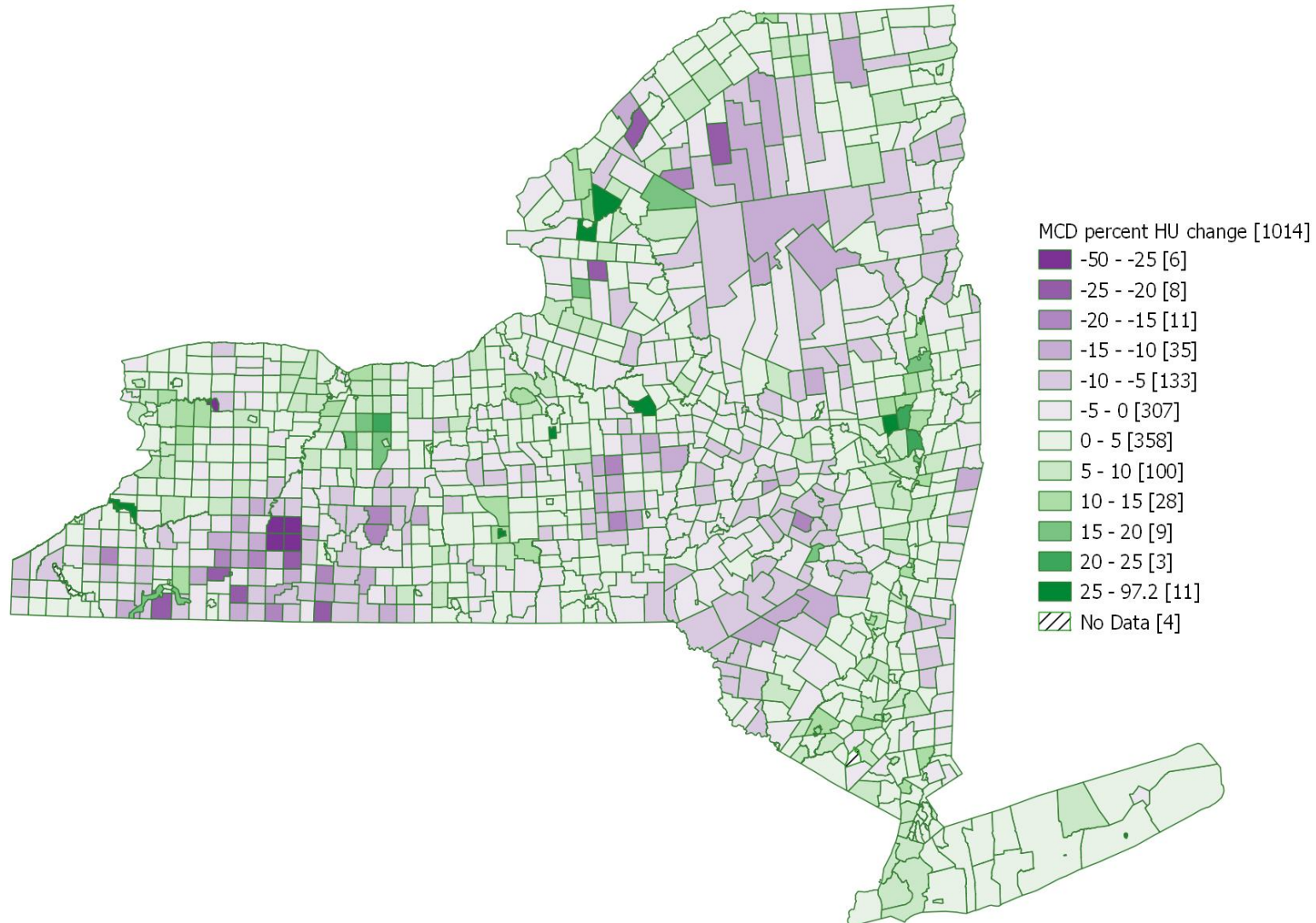
10 - 14 [22]

14 - 18 [8]

>=18 [17]



Sub county change – housing units



Group Quarters

Collection of Group Quarters was very difficult

Use of administrative (incomplete) data

Differential Privacy impacts totals and composition of GQ's

Geocoding errors

Count Question resolution

- ▶ Change to correct processing errors in the count and/or location of living quarters and boundaries
- ▶ Open to local governments
- ▶ Will NOT change Census counts, but DOES benefit estimates and Census geography databases
- ▶ Federal Register notice with final rules published this fall
 - ▶ Also outreach materials through Census Bureau website
- ▶ Program opens January 2022

Population estimates

Population estimates

Produced annually

- ▶ Start with Census counts and adds/subtracts estimates of components of change
 - ▶ Births and Deaths: based on vital records collected by NYS Department of Health and NCHS
 - ▶ Domestic Migration: based on linking consecutive IRS and Medicare records
 - ▶ International Migration: national estimate based on variety of sources, distribution of national totals based on ACS Residence One Year Ago (ROYA)

Population estimates

- ▶ Vintage 2020 (Estimates from 4/1/2010 – 7/1/2020)
 - ▶ Estimates evaluation
- ▶ Vintage 2021 (Estimates from 4/1/2020 – 7/1/2021)
 - ▶ Covid adjustments
 - ▶ Blended base
- ▶ Intercensals (Revised estimates 4/1/2010 – 4/1/2020)

Estimates evaluation

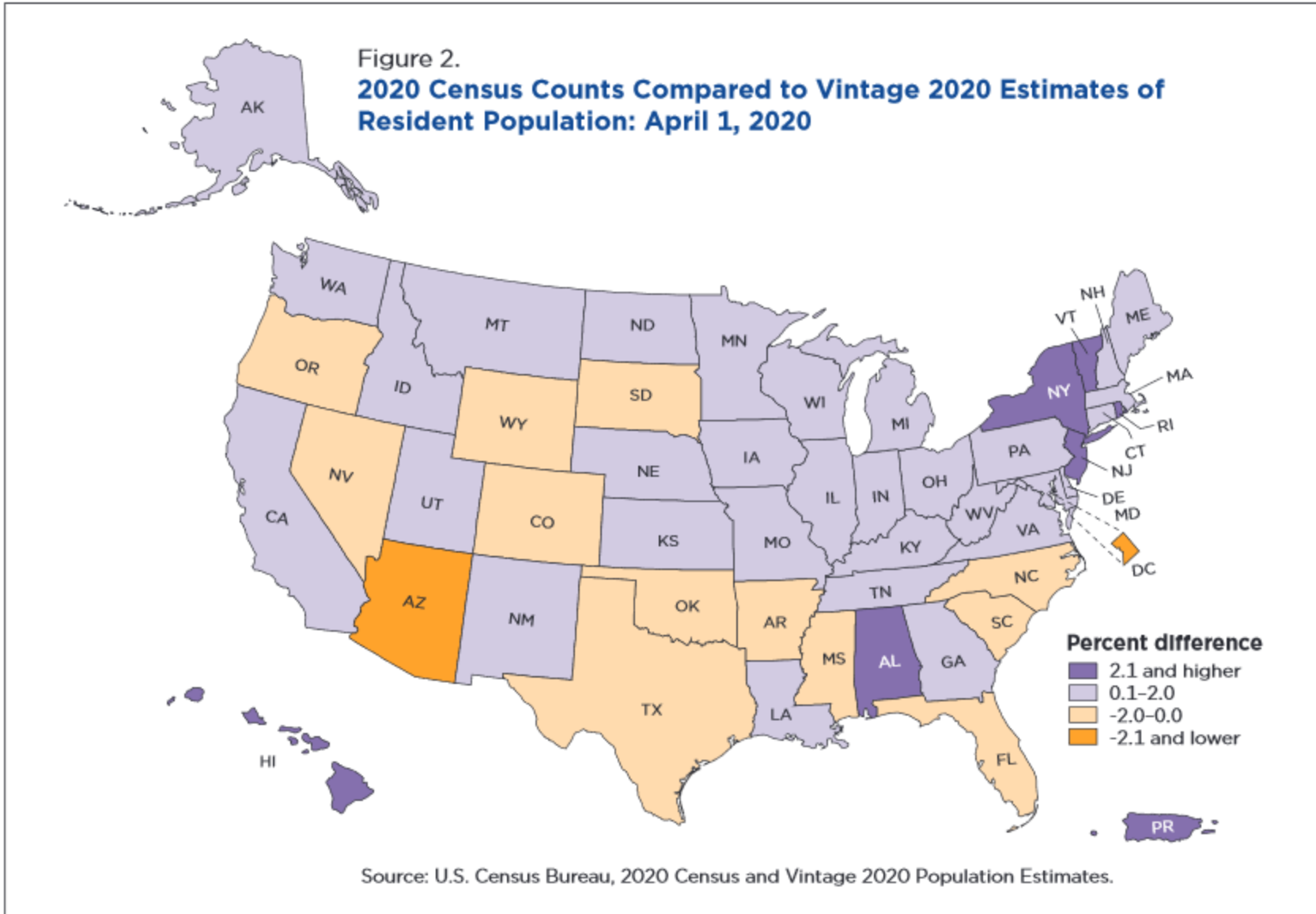
Comparing estimates for April 1, 2020 with Census counts

Goal: to improve estimates model and to evaluate Census results

National:

Nation wide comparison	
April 1, 2020 estimate	329,398,742
Census count	331,449,281
Difference	2,050,539
% Difference	0.6%

State



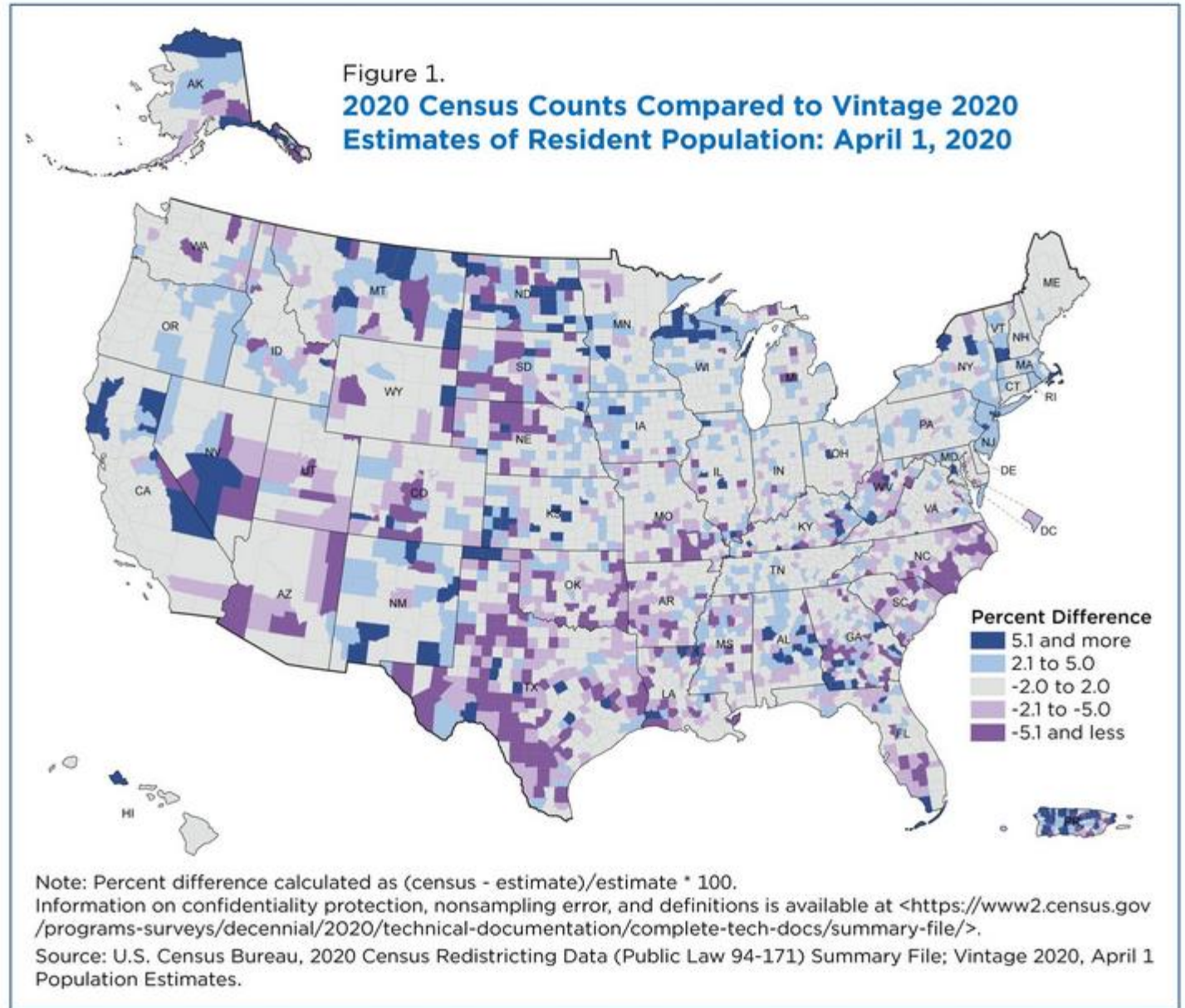
New York State

New York State	
April 1, 2020 estimate	19,382,373
Census count	20,201,249
Difference	818,876
% Difference	4.2%

Counties

Estimate on average

- ▶ 652 persons lower than count
- ▶ 0.6% higher than count



New York counties

50 counties where Census count was higher than estimates

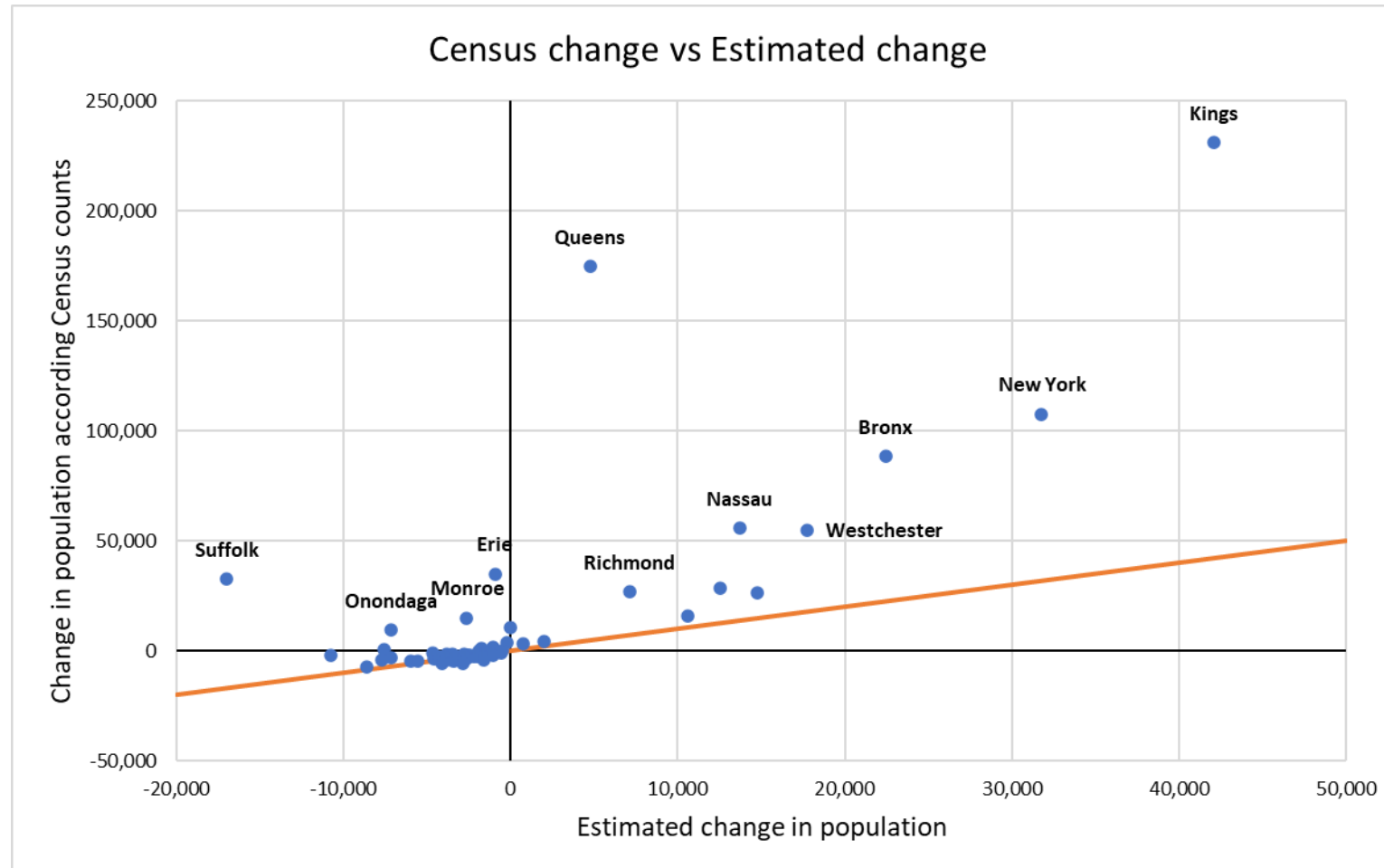
- ▶ Numerically, boroughs in New York City have largest differences
 - ▶ in total New York City count was 521,040 higher than estimates
- ▶ The largest percentage difference was in Hamilton County
 - ▶ Estimate was 4,370 (from 4,842 in 2020), Census count was 5,107. Gap is 14.4% of the count
 - ▶ Queens (-7.1%), Jefferson (-6.9%) and Brooklyn (-6.9%) also had more than 5% difference

12 counties where Census count was lower than estimates

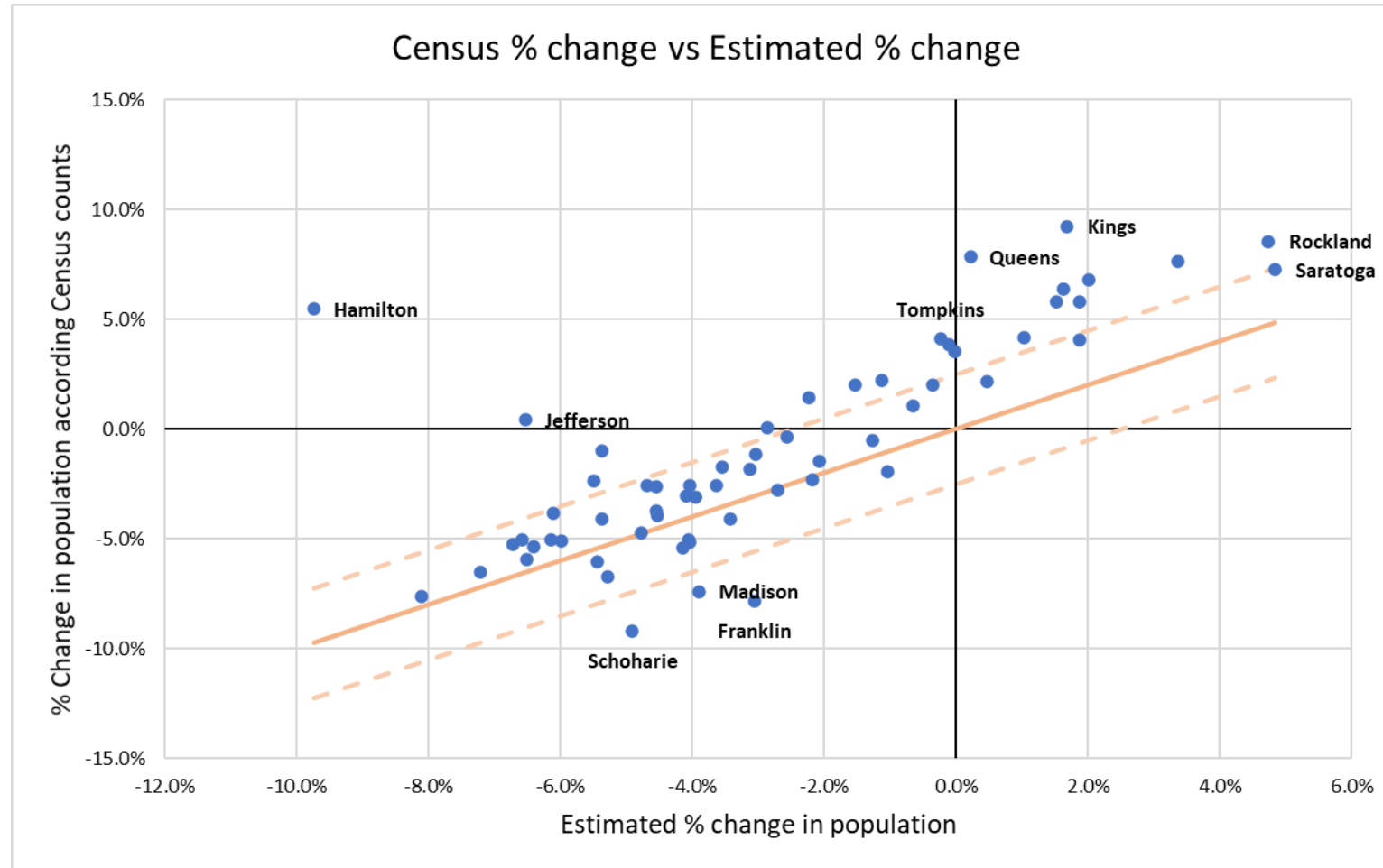
- ▶ Numeric largest difference in Madison county (Est: 70,589, Census: 68,016)
- ▶ Largest percentage difference in Franklin County, overestimated by 5.2%

39 counties had absolute estimate error of less than 2.5%

New York counties: Difference in change



New York counties: Difference in percentage change



Vintage 2021

Starts with April 2020 population

Not all Census counts available yet

Use of blended base

- ▶ Use combination of vintage 2010 estimates and 2020 counts
- ▶ Totals will be equal to 2020 Census counts
- ▶ Vintage 2020 estimates used to fill in characteristics

Covid-19 impact on methodology

- ▶ Adjusted births and deaths
- ▶ Standard domestic migration methods capture migration
- ▶ International migration
- ▶ Group Quarters

Intercensals

Adjusted estimates that confirm with Census 2010 and Census 2020

Let you create longer historic counts without jumps

Used for ACS controls

Cannot be released before DHC is published

Questions?

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