Sample

Workplace Safety & Loss Prevention Program

Industrial Code Rule 60



Workplace Safety & Loss Prevention Program Building 12, Room 167 W. Averell Harriman Campus Albany, NY 12240

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Required Elements of a Safety Incentive Program under the Workplace Safety and Loss Prevention Incentive Program

Section 134(6-10) of the Workers' Compensation Law (WCL) was changed in 2007 to give employers more reasons to put safety and loss prevention programs into practice. The program gives employers a cut in workers' compensation costs. They are eligible for this cut if they have a Safety Incentive Program, a Drug and Alcohol Prevention Program, and/or a Return to Work Program. The following employers may take part in the program:

- An employer insured by any authorized insurer who issues workers' compensation policies or the New York State Insurance Fund (except those in a recognized safety group) who:
 - o Pays annual workers' compensation insurance premiums of at least \$5000
 - o Has an experience rating of under 1.30 for the preceding year
- An individually self-insured employer
- A group self-insured employer, as authorized by the Chair of the Workers' Compensation Board

Employers who must have a safety and loss prevention program under NYCRR 59 may not take part in the program.

To ensure that your Safety Program meets the requirements for Incentive eligibility, your

prog	gram should contain the following elements:
	Policies, procedures, and practices that: (i) identify, uncover, and evaluate occupational safety and workplace health hazards; (ii) minimize or eliminate known or suspected occupational safety and workplace health hazards; (iii) protect employees from occupational safety and workplace health hazards; (iv) ensure management's role and leadership in promoting workplace safety and health throughout the organization through the maintenance and promotion of the policies and procedures designed to improve workplace safety and health; and (v) communicate the nature of the safety and health hazard to employees.
	Communication of the goals of the Safety Incentive Program and the mechanisms which will be utilized to achieve the goals so that all personnel will understand that management is committed to workplace safety.
	Assignment and communication of roles and responsibilities for all aspects of the Safety Incentive Program to managers, supervisors, and employees. The assignment of responsibilities shall be accomplished through written notification. The notification shall also articulate the means by which managers, supervisors and employees will be held accountable for implementing the Safety Incentive Program. The written notification must provide a designated contact or contacts that will be available to answer questions regarding any practice or procedure implemented by the employer

A mechanism to conduct on-going workplace safety inspections so that new or previously-identified workplace hazards may be minimized or eliminated through the use of safe work practices, investment in equipment, engineering, or administrative controls. On-going safety inspections shall be conducted with a frequency necessary to be effective.
Assurance that all workers at every site covered by the Safety Incentive Program are provided with appropriate and effective safety protections, including appropriate personal protective equipment that is properly used and maintained in good condition at all times.
Employee involvement in the structure and operation of the Safety Incentive Program to facilitate their commitment to achieving its goals and objectives. Employee involvement shall be accomplished through the designation of one or more employee representative(s) at each site where the Safety Incentive Program will be implemented or through the recognized representative of each collective bargaining unit, where applicable.
Appropriate training for managers, supervisors, and employees that shall enable them to: (i) Accomplish the task and responsibilities assigned to them under the approved Safety Incentive Program; (ii) Recognize potential hazards; (iii) Maintain safety protection in the work area; and (iv) Reinforce employee safe work practices and the use of required protective measures,
A reliable procedure by which employees may notify management personnel, without fear of reprisal, of conditions that appear hazardous or are not in compliance with the policies of the Safety Incentive Program.
A reliable procedure to respond to safety and health hazards in a timely and appropriate manner. Implement new or improved safety procedures that follow a hierarchy of controls that first uses an appropriate combination of engineering and administrative controls to eliminate or minimize the hazard and then requires employees who have exposure to the hazard to use personal protective equipment. Personal protective equipment must be designed to match the particular hazard and reduce the exposure of employees to that hazard.
Investigation of accidents to identify the root cause(s) of the hazard(s) and prevent reoccurrences.
A means to evaluate or analyze accident, injury, and illness trends or data over time in order to identify patterns and develop strategies for accident reduction and elimination. Such analysis should illustrate the effectiveness (or lack thereof) of any modification(s) to achieve the desired results.

A written emergency action plan that includes, at a minimum, procedures for reporting a fire or other emergency; procedures for emergency evacuation, including type of evacuation and exit route assignments; procedures to be followed by employees who remain to secure critical plant operations before they evacuate; procedures to account for all employees after evacuation; and procedures to be followed by employees performing rescue or medical duties.
Procedures for transmitting and enforcing new or improved safe work practices through training, positive reinforcement, and correction of unsafe performance.
Hazard assessments that are conducted whenever significant or dangerous new machinery, equipment, or technology is introduced into the workplace or when working conditions materially change through new policies, procedures or processes.
The final, approved Safety Incentive Program plan shall be provided to the designated employee representative(s) in each workplace location or to the recognized representative of each collective bargaining unit, where applicable, and shall be made available to all employees upon request.
The Safety Incentive Program must be documented in writing and communicated in languages and methods clearly understood by all employees.

This document outlines a Safety Program for use by a business seeking the Workplace Safety and Loss Prevention Incentive Program (WSLPIP) credit. Employers may use this model, in whole or in part, depending on their business needs. To qualify for a credit under the WSLPIP, a Safety Program must meet the requirements in Industrial Code Rule 60-1.13. A list of the requirements is found on pages two through four of this document.

I. POLICY STATEMENT

It is the policy of _______ (Name of Company) to ensure a safe and healthy workplace for all our staff. To achieve this, we will have an effective and on-going Safety and Loss Prevention Program. We designed this program to protect all staff from work-related injury and illness. It will also protect equipment from loss or damage. Our most valued asset is our staff. Their safety is vital to our business. To keep our workplace as safe as it can be, the following Safety and Loss Prevention Program will guide both management and staff.

II. GOALS

The main goal of our Safety and Loss Prevention Program is to prevent accidents. This means that safety and health will be a vital part of our business values and your daily work routine. To achieve this, we have the following goals:

- To have all staff help design, practice, and maintain our Safety and Loss Prevention Program
- To create a Safety Committee that includes managers and workers
- To develop programs and procedures to meet our safety and health needs
- To implement an ongoing safety and health training program for all staff
- To inform all staff of their safety and health responsibilities
- To conduct a complete baseline safety and health review of our facility

III. OBJECTIVES

The following objectives will help us excel in health and safety:

We will for	rm a Safety Committee that includes both managers and staff.
	(Name/Title) will complete a full safety and health survey of the
workplace	to find out if we comply with Federal and State safety and health regulations.
The Safety	Committee will develop and maintain a written Safety and Loss Prevention
Program.	·
All manage	ement and staff will have access to the written Safety and Loss Prevention
Program.	·
	(Name/Title) will conduct Job Hazard Analyses (See Appendix D) for
all possibly	hazardous work operations.
The commi	ttee will review the Safety and Loss Prevention Program quarterly.
The commi	ttee's review will make sure that the Program works and will see if we have
reached our	goals and objectives. The committee will change the program as needed,
with approv	val from management.
Staff will k	now and accept their safety and health responsibilities.
We will tra	in staff members to conduct regular in-house inspections. Staff will get into
the habit of	checking for possible workplace hazards.
	(Name/Title) will train supervisors to conduct prompt
accident/in	cident investigations.
	(Name/Title) will complete initial training for all staff.
	(Name/Title) will develop and implement emergency action
procedures	

IV. SAFETY AND HEALTH RESPONSIBILITIES

We cannot overstate how important it is for all staff to embrace their role in safety and health. To make sure that you know and understand your part in our Safety and Loss Prevention Program, we have created a responsibility list for each job description at our company.

Executive Management

- Oversees design, practice, and maintenance of the Safety and Loss Prevention Program
- Provides the leadership and resources needed for an effective Safety and Loss Prevention Program
- Assigns safety and health responsibilities to managers
- Holds managers accountable for their safety and health roles
- Sets a good example by following required safety and health rules and practices
- Reviews accident reports
- Ensures that a reliable system is in place for staff to report conditions or situations that could be hazardous

Plant Manager or Appropriate Management Personnel

- Lead and direct the Safety and Loss Prevention Program
- Hold all supervisors accountable for their assigned safety responsibilities
- Oversee design, practice and maintenance of the Safety and Loss Prevention Program
- Review accident reports
- Set up a reliable system for staff to report conditions or situations that could be hazardous
- Take part in and support staff involvement in all aspects of the Safety and Loss Prevention Program
- Follow up on suggestions from supervisors, staff or the safety committee
- Conduct a Job Hazard Analysis on all possibly hazardous operations
- Assure that all staff know about and use the hazard reporting system
- Take prompt action whenever they find hazards or see unsafe acts
- Enforce specific rules or procedures to cut risk for all tasks that could pose a hazard
- Provide required personal protective equipment and assure its proper use and care.
- Ensure that all accidents are promptly reported, fully investigated and well documented
- Follow accident and injury trends

- Know current Federal and State safety and health regulations for the workplace
- Assure that all staff receive safety and health training
- Help develop and implement emergency procedures

Supervisors

- Set a good example for staff members by following safe work practices and wearing personal protective equipment
- Provide required personal protective equipment and makes sure that it is properly used and cared for
- Promptly report, investigate and document all accidents
- Monitor and evaluate staff safety and health performance
- Keep current on safety and health requirements
- Trained to identify safety and health hazards
- Conduct a Job Hazard Analysis on possibly hazardous operations under their supervision (See Appendix D)
- Investigate accidents and near-miss incidents to determine the root cause
- Discourage all possibly hazardous "short cuts" staff may use
- Enforce safe work procedures and rules consistently and fairly
- Provide continuing on-the-job training in safe work procedures.
- Assure each staff member knows what to do in the event of an emergency
- Ensure accurate recordkeeping is kept
- Analyze hazards for new equipment, processes and design changes

Staff

- Know about the Safety and Loss Prevention Program, and follow all safety and health rules, work practices and regulations
- Use all required safety devices and personal protective equipment
- Perform work tasks in a safe manner, and do not take unsafe "short cut"
- Keep a clean and neat work area
- Carries out daily inspections of the work area to look for unsafe conditions
- Report any and all injuries to the supervisor
- Know what to do in case of an emergency.

Safety Coordinator

- Advises management on safety and health issues
- Keeps current on safety and health regulations and practices
- Serves as the chair of the safety and health committee
- Conducts safety and health training
- Investigates accidents and near-miss incidents
- Conducts in-house inspections
- Looks for trends in safety and health records
- Informs management of possible safety and health problems
- Helps with hazard analysis of new equipment, processes, and design changes

Purchasing Agent

- Takes safety and health awareness training to help early efforts to find possible hazards in the design phase
- Ensures that all chemicals we buy have a Material Safety Data Sheet

V. SAFETY AND HEALTH PERFORMANCE ACCOUNTABILITY

As we stated in our company policy, we give safety and health top priority. It is good for business. It is also good for the well-being of our staff. We expect all staff to take part in our program. Staff who ignore their safety and health responsibilities will be held accountable.

VI. SAFETY AND HEALTH TRAINING PROGRAM

Training is a basic tool for all our workers. It will reduce the risk of workplace accidents and injuries. All staff members must be able to see, understand and avoid possible hazards to themselves and to their co-workers.

The Plant Manager must assure that all staff members get the training they need to do their jobs safely. ______(Name or Title) is responsible for deciding on the safety and health training needs. He (or she) will also give training and review the success of the safety and health-training program.

Safety and Health Training for Managers

- Safety and health responsibilities
- The goals and purposes of the safety and health program
- Awareness training on safety and health issues that are important to the facility

Safety and Health Training for Supervisors

- Safety and health responsibilities
- How to find hazardous conditions
- How to recognize unsafe work practices
- Accident investigation procedures
- Conducting a Job Hazard Analysis (See Appendix D)
- Conducting on-the-job safety training
- Emergency procedures
- Proper use, limitations and upkeep of personal protective equipment
- Safety and health regulations that pertain to the work operation(s) they supervise
- Recordkeeping

Safety and Health Training for Staff Members

- Program orientation
- Safety and health responsibilities
- Specific on-the-job training for the job task(s) they perform
- The proper use, limitations and upkeep of personal protective equipment

VII. SAFETY AND HEALTH COMMITTEE

The Safety Committee consists of managers, staff and the safety coordinator. The committee
helps design, implement and evaluate our safety and health activities. We may change members
every so often to make sure everyone is as involved as possible. We will hold
meetings (<i>Time Frame</i>). All committee members must attend.

The committee completes these tasks:

- Review existing safety and health rules and procedures; make sure that these rules are current, realistic, and enforced
- Check on any changes in current safety and health regulations
- Make suggestions for staff training
- Review all accident reports to find the root cause
- Audit the results of all safety inspections
- Review training programs with special attention to training in these areas:
 - new or transferred staff
 - new safety and health regulations
 - new or changed procedures or processes
 - new equipment or chemicals
 - staff who carry out Job Hazard Analyses
 - staff who carry out accident investigations
- Carry out first hazard analysis for new equipment, processes, and designs
- Conduct periodic in-house safety inspections
- Provide recommendations to management on safety and health issues
- Evaluate the Safety and Loss Prevention Program
- The Safety Committee will make their findings and suggestions available to _____(Name or Title)

VIII. IN-HOUSE SAFETY INSPECTION PROGRAM

Safety inspections are an integral part of program. We will conduct inspections to:

- Maintain a safe and healthful work place
- Recognize unsafe work practices
- Detect unsafe working conditions
- Increase safety awareness
- Prevent injuries and illnesses

Everyone must be aware of safety and health conditions. You should check your immediate work area regularly. Whenever possible, you should quickly take steps to fix any problems.

If you cannot fix the problem right away, you must tell your area supervisor. You can either speak to your area supervisor or fill out a Hazard Report Form. If you do not fill out the form, your supervisor must do it. We require a Hazard Report Form for any problem that you cannot fix yourself.

If your supervisor cannot fix the hazard when you report it, they must take steps to fix it. They must take temporary action to protect against the hazard. Supervisors should contact management if they need help.

Our Safety Committee will carry out safety and health inspections every month. When necessary, the committee will get help from in-house staff with special knowledge of:

- The manufacturing process
- Maintenance operations
- Electrical equipment
- Other

The committee will use a checklist during their inspection. They will review the finished checklist during their meetings. The committee will send a copy of all finished checklists and any corrective actions to management for review.

IX. ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION PROGRAM

We can prevent most workplace accidents. But even with the best prevention program, accidents can still happen. Accident investigations find out the facts and keep the same type of accident from happening again. They do not place blame on anyone. You must inform your supervisor of all accidents, as soon as they happen. Your supervisor will investigate all accidents, even those that do not cause injury.

We have an accident investigation team for the following situations:

- If the accident causes or could have caused a serious injury
- If the same accident has happened before
- If many staff members perform the task involved in the accident

Our accident investigation team consists of:

Supervisor of the injured or nearly injured	
staff member	
Safety Coordinator	
Production Line Supervisor	
Maintenance Staff Member	
Production Staff Member	

The accident investigation team will be trained in how to carry out an effective investigation. They will use the Accident Investigation Form for all investigations (See Appendix A). They will send a copy of this form to the Safety Committee for their review.

X. EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN

Emergency action procedures effectively evacuate staff from our building in case of an emergency. Emergencies include:

- Accidental release of hazardous chemicals or gases
- Fires
- Explosions
- Natural disasters

There is also an emergency action plan to deal with personal injuries.

The Safety Committee and Safety Coordinator must develop and evaluate our emergency action plan. The Safety Coordinator and facility supervisors will put the procedures into place.

We have posted emergency evacuation routes and procedures in each work area of the facility. All new staff will receive training on these procedures when they are first hired. Each supervisor must ensure that each of their staff members is trained. Supervisors must also make sure all staff knows what to do in an emergency.

EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN

Procedures for reporting Emergencies:

Type of Emergencies to report:

- Fire
- Chemical spill or toxic gas release
- Personal injury
- Other

Emergency Evacuation Routes and Procedures

- Emergency evacuation routes and procedures (including locations of fire extinguishers) should be posted in each work area
- If a copy is not posted, inform the area supervisor; they must promptly post one
- Supervisors must make sure that all their staff know the routes and procedures to follow

Staff Accountability after Evacuation

- Each supervisor must ensure that all their staff are present after an evacuation
- Each staff member must report to a preset location shown on the evacuation routes posted in the work area
- The supervisor may make the head count in person, or they may designate someone else to do it
- All supervisors will then report the head count to the Safety Coordinator

Procedures for Staff Who Remain to Perform Critical Operations Prior to Evacuation	
•(Name or Title) will provide information on the operations, procedures, training and staff needed to carry out vital operations before their evacuation	
•(Name or Title) is responsible for writing a procedure and putting those recommendations into practice	
<u>Warning System</u> – in case of an emergency evacuation, we will inform staff with the following alarm warning signals: (<i>Give a detailed description for your facility</i> .)	
Evacuation Drills	
We will conduct evacuation drills (Number) times per year. The Safety	
Coordinator and Production Supervisors will schedule the drills. The Safety Coordinator will share the results of the drills with the Safety and Health Committee. We will test the alarm system: (Time Frame).	
<u>Special Fire Protection and/or Chemical Spill Procedures</u> - (Give detailed information of the specific procedures to follow at your facility.)	n

XI. MEDICAL SERVICES

A. On-site Emergency Medical Services

When there is a personal injury, we will follow these procedures:
On all shifts, you can contact staff with training in basic first aid skills at
possible exposure to blood or bodily fluids containing blood must take our Blood-borne Pathogens training.
On-Site Medical Services Provided: (list any medical service(s) available, e.g., On-site Nurse.)
B. Off-site Emergency Medical Services
If a staff member needs advanced emergency medical treatment, staff must contact(Name or Title) at(Telephone Number). If a staff member
needs hospitalization,(Name) ambulance services will take them to
(Name of Hospital or Medical Facility)(Name or Title) will inform the injured staff member's emergency contact.
C. Program Assessments
We will evaluate our Medical Services on a(n)(Time Frame) basis to make sure that it meets the needs of our facility(Name or Title) will carry out this assessment and make recommendations to the Safety Committee.

XII. MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY PROGRAM

_____(Name or Title) is responsible for the Motor Vehicle Safety Program. (This applies only to facilities that use motor vehicle equipment for business operations.)

We will use these procedures to cut the risk of accidents and injuries while driving for company business. All operators must:

- Have a valid driver license
- Obey all traffic laws and be courteous to other drivers
- Attend a company-provided driver safety training course
- Promptly report any accidents they are involved in, moving violations received or license suspensions to their supervisor
- Properly maintain their vehicles and have them inspected every year
- Provide their driving records to the Motor Vehicle Program Coordinator upon request

These records may include:

Status of driver license

Operating and moving violations

Accidents

Medical restrictions

Operators with poor driving records will be subject to retraining, counseling and/or disciplinary action

XIII. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

______(Name or Title) is responsible for the putting the Preventive Maintenance Program into place. This program makes sure that all equipment is properly maintained and safe to use. We will train staff members in the maintenance program to perform their assigned duties effectively. These staff members will create a maintenance schedule and list equipment needing upkeep.

The maintenance program will cover:

- Equipment and machinery
- Portable power tools
- Housekeeping

XIV. CONTRACTOR SAFETY AND HEALTH PROGRAM

(Name or Title) is responsible for putting the Contractor Safety Program into
place. They also serve as a contact person with all contractors. All contracts set forth the
contractors' safety and health responsibilities. All contractors working on company property
must fill out a Contractor Safety and Health Qualification Form from Volume IV (See Appendix
B).
(Name or Title) will inform the contractor about the hazards and safe working
procedures in place for the area(s) they have access to. Each contractor is responsible for
training their staff on the applicable safety and health requirements.
(Name or Title) will make sure that the contractor has trained their staff on
the applicable safety and health requirements.
Each contractor must inform (Name or Title) of the hazards of the contract
employer's work. They must list what the contract employer is doing to address them. For
example, they could provide the contract employer's emergency procedures. The contract
employer must inform (Name or Title) of any new hazards that they find.
Each contractor must report all injuries, illnesses and accidents that happen on our property to
(Name or Title).
(1vame or 1 tite).
(Name or Title) will carry out periodic safety and health inspections of each
contractor's work activities. They will use the Contractor Safety and Health Checklist in Volum-
IV (See Appendix C).
(Name or Title) will inform the contractor or his/her designee of any
problems and request that they fix the condition as soon as possible.

XV. PERSONNEL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) PROGRAM

to hazards.	;
(Name or Title) is responsible for putting the PPE Program into practice.	
(Name or Title) will carry out a hazard assessment for PPE needs for each journal task in our facility. (Name or Title) will conduct training on the use, [Institutions and reciptorages of PPE]	b
limitations and maintenance of PPE. Staff must wear PPE for the job task they perform if required by their supervisor. It is	
(Name or Title)'s duty to make sure that the PPE is properly used. We will enforce these rules as part of the company's disciplinary policy. Contact your supervisor if you need to replace your PPE.	

XVI. EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT AND MONITORING

(Name or Title) will carry out a	n exposure assessment to find out which job
tasks will need a baseline check.	_(Name or Title) will carry out any needed
checks for chemical or physical hazards. If we find	an overexposure, we will set up a cost-
effective control method to correct the problem	(Name or Title) will train
any exposed staff members on the new control mea	sure. We will carry out further checks to
make sure that the new control measure works prop	perly.

We will carry out exposure monitoring using practices that meet OSHA or NIOSH sampling rules. Where available, we will analyze industrial hygiene samples through a laboratory endorsed by the American Industrial Hygiene Association. We will keep the results of the monitoring as part of our Recordkeeping Program.

XVII. RECORDKEEPING

The below records will be kept by _	(<i>Name or Title</i>) at
(Location):	

- Orientation Safety and Health Training
- Job Hazard Analyses
- Accident Investigation Reports
- OSHA 300 Injury and Illness Log
- Workers' Compensation Claims or OSHA 301 Form
- Safety and Health Training Records
- Exposure and Medical Records
- Annual Fire Extinguisher Inspections
- In-house Safety and Health Inspection Records
- Completed Safety and Loss Prevention Program Evaluations
- Disciplinary Action Letters
- Staff Personnel Files

(Name or Title) will review	all records as part of a general evaluation of our
Safety and Loss Prevention Program.	(Name or Title) will keep master copies
of the following required written programs at _	(Location).

XVIII. PROGRAM EVALUATION

The Safety and Loss Prevention Program will be audited	(Time Frame).
(Name or Title) will perform the Program Evaluation.	We will evaluate the
goals, objectives and program elements to see if they meet their intended I	purposes.
(Name or Title) will carry out a complete accident, inju	ury and illness trend
analysis as part of the audit (Name or Title) will revie	ew records to help
evaluate the program elements. This review will determine if there are an	
injury or illness that other safeguards missed. We will review:	
 OSHA 300 Injury and Illness Log 	
 Workers' Compensation Claims and/or OSHA 301 Log 	
Accident Investigation Reports	
Worker Complaint Forms	
Job Hazard Analysis Reports	
J	
(Name or Title) will develop and carry out procedures	to fix any problems.

Appendix A

Accident Investigation Report Form

STAFF MEMBER'S NAME:	FF MEMBER'S NAME: JOB TITLE:						
SUPERVISOR'S NAME:			ACCIDENT INVES	ACCIDENT INVESTIGATOR:			
ACCIDENT LOCATION:							
DATE OF ACCIDENT:	TIME:	Г	DATE REPORTED:	DATE: INVES	STIGATE	IGATED:	
DESCRIPTION OF ACCIDENT:							
DESCRIPTION OF INJURY:							
WITNESSES:							
ACCIDENT DIAGRAM/PHOTO	GRAPHS ATT	CACHED:			YES	NO	
DESCRIBE DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT OR PROPERTY:			YES	NO			
COMMENT:							
FIRST AID GIVEN:					YES	NO	
STAFF MEMBER TREATED BY PHYSICIAN:				YES	NO		
HOSPITALIZATION REQUIRED:				YES	NO		
ANY RESTRICTION IN WORK DUTY:				YES	NO		
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	:				·		

(See Accident Root Cause Analysis)

Accident Root Cause Analysis

Check ALL that apply to this accident

Unsafe Acts	Unsafe Conditions
Improper work technique	Poor workstation design
Safety rule violation	Unsafe operation method
Improper PPE or PPE not used	Improper maintenance
Operating without authority	Lack of direct supervision
Failure to warn or secure	Insufficient training
Operating at improper speeds	Lack of experience
By-passing safety devices	Insufficient knowledge of job
Protective equipment not in use	Slippery conditions
Improper loading or placement	Excessive noise
Improper lifting	Inadequate guarding of hazards
Servicing machinery in motion	Defective tools/equipment
Horseplay	Poor housekeeping
Drug or alcohol use	Insufficient lighting

CORRECTIVE ACTION:	
SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBLE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION:	
DATE COMPLETED:	
Bill Colin BEIB.	

Appendix B

CONTRACTOR SAFETY AND HEALTH QUALIFICATIONS FORM

_					
COMPANY NAME:					
ADDRESS:					
_					
COMPANY'S CONTAC	T PERSON:				
TITLE:					
TELEPHONE NUMBER	l:				
FAX NUMBER:					
COMPANY'S ON-SITE	CONTACT PERS	ON:			
TITLE:					
TELEPHONE NUMBER	:				
FAX NUMBER:					
201110-				\	

CONTRACTOR'S SAFETY AND HEALTH PROGRAM:	YES	NO
Safety and Health Program in Place?		
Safety and Health Responsibilities Assigned?		
Safety and Health Training Provided?		
Periodic Safety and Health Inspections Conducted?		
Disciplinary Action Policy in Place?		
Accident Reporting and Investigation?		
Use of Fire Extinguishers and Training?		

SAFETY AND HEALTH POLICIES AND PROCEDURES:	YES	NO
Personal Protective Equipment Provided?		
Lockout/Tagout?		
Excavation/Trenching?		
Electrical Safety/Grounding?		
Fire Prevention?		
Hot Work?		
Chemical Usage, Handling, Storage?		
Elevated Heights (e.g., ladders, scaffolds, fall protection)?		
Confined Space?		
Portable Tools?		
Housekeeping?		
First Aid, Medical Services and Emergency Procedures?		
Lead?		
Asbestos?		
Respiratory Protection?		
Necessary Local and Regional Work Permits?		
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.		
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:		
CONSTRUCTION COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE:		
NAME:		
TITLE:		
DATE:		

Appendix C

CONTRACTOR SAFETY AND HEALTH CHECKLIST

CONTRACTOR:			
SUBJECT:			
DATE:			
Personal Protection Equipme	nt		
Comment/Location	YES	NO N/A	
Safety Glasses/Eye Prote	ction		
Hard Hat			
Gloves			
Respiratory Protection			
Hearing Protection			
Safety Shoes			
Other			
Unsafe Equipment Taken	Out of Service		
2) General Safety			
Comment/Location	YES	NO N/A	
Medical Services and Firs	Aid Available		
Housekeeping			
Adequate Sanitation (Pota			
Access to Work Areas Co			
Clear Walkways and Unob			
Unsafe Equipment Taken	Out of Service		
3) Chemical Usage/Storage			
Comment/Location	YES	NO N/A	Ĺ
Proper Container Used	- 4		
Containers Properly Label	ea		
MSDS Available	01		
Staff Member Trained on			
Unsafe Equipment Taken	Out of Service		
4) Fire Prevention Comment/Location	YES	NO N/A	
Fire Extinguishers Availab	, · · · ·	100	
Combustible Material Kep			
Approved Containers Use	d		
Flammable Liquids Prope			
Bonding and Grounding			
Unsafe Equipment Taken	Out of Service		
5) Compressed Gases:			
Comment/Location	YES	NO N/A	
Cylinders Secured			

Protective Cap Attached

Appropriate Separation Distance for Incompatible Cylinders

Unsafe Equipment Taken Out of Service

6) Lockout/Tagout:

Comment/Location

Lockout/Tagout

Electrical Equipment/Extension Cords in Good Condition

Grounding (GFCI)

Unsafe Equipment Taken Out of Service

7) Portable Handheld Tools:

Comment/Location YES NO N/A

YES

NO

N/A

Guards in Place

Good Condition

Used Safely

Unsafe Equipment Taken Out of Service

8) Ladders and Scaffolds:

Comment/Location YES NO N/A

Used Safely

Good Condition

Ladders Secured and Tied Off

Scaffold Railings and Toe Boards

Access to Work Controlled

Unsafe Equipment Taken Out of Service

9) Elevated Work Areas:

Comment/Location YES NO N/A

Opening in Floors and Walls Guarded

Appropriate Fall Protection

Unsafe Equipment Taken Out of Service

10) Elevated Work Areas:

Comment/Location YES NO N/A

Location of Underground Utilities

Appropriate Sloping and/or Shoring

Appropriate Means of Entry and Egress

Competent Person

Access Controlled to Work Area

Monitoring of Trench Areas for Toxic and Combustible Gases (Gas Meter)

Emergency Extraction Procedures Established (Rescue Service)

Unsafe Equipment Taken Out of Service

11) Motorized Equipment:

Comment/Location

Used Safely

Good Working Condition

Trained Operator

Seat Belt Worn

Unsafe Equipment Taken Out of Service

12) Hot Work Operations

Comment/Location YES NO N/A

YES

NO

N/A

Fire Hazards Eliminated or Controlled

Fire Watch

Welding Screens in Place

Fire Extinguishers

Welding Equipment in Good Condition

Appropriate PPE Used

Mechanical Ventilation Provided for Confined Spaces

Unsafe Equipment Taken Out of Service

13) Confined Space

Comment/Location YES NO N/A

Permit Space Identification

Prevention of Unauthorized Entry

Entry Permit

Confined Space Training

Rescue and Emergency Procedures

Mechanical Ventilation

Appendix D

JOB HAZARD ANALYSIS

A Job Hazard Analysis (JHA) is an important tool to prevent workplace accidents and injuries. When done properly, a JHA can determine the best way to perform a job in order to reduce or remove possible hazards.

Here are guidelines for carrying out a JHA:

STEP ONE: SELECT THE JOB FOR ANALYSIS

Carry out a JHA for all new, current and non-routine jobs. Give priority to jobs that have the highest rate of accidents and disabling injuries.

STEP TWO: JHA PARTICIPANTS

Ideally, the line supervisor and a staff member involved in the job should be members of the JHA team. Also include other staff members with technical knowledge pertinent to the evaluation.

STEP THREE: JHA GENERAL CONDITIONS

Before you begin the JHA, look at the general job conditions and create a checklist. JHA team members should understand and consider the items listed below:

- The nature of the task to be performed
- The possible chemical hazards (e.g., inhalation, ingestion, skin contact)
- The possible physical hazards (e.g., noise, heat, etc.)
- The possible ergonomic hazards (e.g., repetitive motion, lifting, etc.)
- Any other safety hazards (e.g., electric, machine guarding, fire and explosion, hand, eye and foot hazards, etc.)
- The accident and injury records
- The need for and use of PPE
- Any previous monitoring data

STEP FOUR: CONDUCT THE JHA

After you have selected the job to evaluate, break the job into successive steps. Work through the process; ask the operator what steps they perform in the job and what each step does. Record the steps using action words (lift, pull, pour, close, etc.). Finally, check with the operator to be

sure that the steps observed are correct and in the right order.

Using this information, find the possible hazards and if there is a chance of accidents. Once you have found all possible hazards, again check with the operator and anyone else that is familiar with the job and its possible problems.

STEP FIVE: ELIMINATE HAZARDS

Create effective ways to remove the hazards and stop a possible accident from happening. Find the safest method, but one that is also the most economical and practical. Often, simple methods can solve the problem. For example, think about changing the physical conditions that created the problem by replacing a guard, changing a work height, etc. Change the job procedure or use a less hazardous chemical. Have the job done less often or rotate staff if exposure is a problem.

Create standard operating procedures (SOPs) for the job. Check with the operator before you put the new SOP into place to see if the procedure is realistic. Make sure that the hazard has been removed through rechecks. If needed, do more tests. Put the SOP into place after you train all the people who do that job on the new SOP. When possible, post the SOP in the job area.

JOB HAZARD ANALYSIS

Job Title			
Job Description			
Date Conducted		Completed by	
Number of Cycles Per Minute	Maximum We	eight Moved Per (Cycle
Task Step	Task H	azards	Hazard Control Method
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			
9.			

Hazard Analysis – Prevention & Control Worksheet

Complete after Hazard Assessment Worksheet

Work Areas	Conducted By		
Tasks	Date		

Note: Respiratory & Ergonomic Assessments are conducted under separate programs

List the Specific Hazard Control Method in each block below

	Specific Hazard	Required PPE	Engineering Controls	Environ- mental Controls	Adminis- trative Controls	Notes
Head						
Eyes / Face						
Skin						
Hand						
Foot						
Hearing						